



The 2026 Governors'

State of the State Addresses

A Running Recap of the 2026 Governors'
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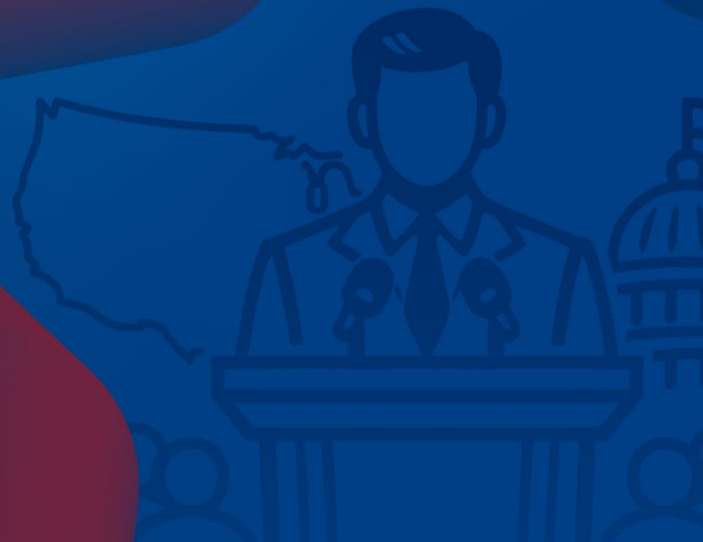


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We want to make sure you're getting the most accurate picture possible. In some instances, we have pulled language directly from the public text of the speeches to ensure no context was lost in translation.

ALABAMA

Governor Kay Ivey (R) – January 13

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Ivey highlighted that the state has created over 100,000 jobs since she took office in April 2017.
- Announced that the Space Command Headquarters will be located in Alabama.

Education

- Ivey overviewed the success of her Strong Start, Strong Finish education initiative. The initiative has improved the state's rankings in math and reading, expanded access to pre-k, and increased the college and career readiness rate. It has also created and strengthened specialty schools.
- Proposed an additional \$50 million dollars for K-12 safety efforts.
- Endorsed a bill that would create a temporary teaching certificate pathway for qualified veterans.
- Highlighted her support for school choice and proposed increasing funding for the CHOOSE Act to \$250 million.
- Ivey's Education Trust Fund proposal includes a two percent pay increase for teachers.
- Highlighted the success of her Turnaround Schools initiative in accelerating growth in the most challenged classrooms.

Environmental

- Encouraged the passage of legislation that will establish a statewide resilience plan to better prepare the state for both natural and manmade disasters.
- Announced the creation of a statewide flood notification system that will officially launch in Summer 2026. Asked the legislature to continue funding this notification system moving forward.

Government Operations

- Proposed a two percent pay raise for all state employees.

Healthcare

- Announced that the state received more than \$203 million in first-year funding from the Rural Health Transformation Program.
- Called for the passage of legislation aimed at boosting rural healthcare delivery.

Public Safety

- One of Ivey's main priorities is public safety. Called upon the legislature to pass a bill that cracks down on repeat criminal offenders.

Technology

- Endorsed a bill that will limit screen time for children ages five years old and younger in publicly funded early learning centers.
- Highlighted that the state's investments in broadband connectivity led the state to go from near-bottom rankings to 24th in the nation in broadband access.

ALASKA

Governor Mike Dunleavy (R) – January 22

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Highlighted six straight years of job growth and wages growing faster than the national average.
- Mentioned that the Alaska Industrial Development and Export Authority just posted its second year in a row of record net income and is leading the way on some of the biggest resource development projects in state history.

Education

- Highlighted the success of the READS act.
- Hopes to increase access to public charter schools for all students, create an open enrollment system, address teacher retention with incentive payments, and make targeted investments with accountability-based reforms.

Energy

- Highlighted first-of-its-kind MOU with the Federal Permitting Council to streamline project permitting under the FAST-41 program.
- Celebrated the Trump Administration's steps to increase oil and gas production including offshore, reopening millions of acres in the NPR-A, finalizing plans to open ANWR, and promoting Alaska LNG on the international stage.
- Mentioned his administration's success in securing funding from North Slope producers to finish permitting for the Alaska LNG Project.
- "We've set up the State of Alaska to welcome advanced nuclear power, carbon capture and storage technologies, data centers, and emerging energy sources such as tidal and sustainable aviation fuels."
- Touted reform and upgrade of the major power transmission system on the Railbelt and expansion of the Bradley Lake hydro project through the Dixon Diversion.
- Mentioned the Alaska Affordable Energy Fund and the potential for hundreds of millions of dollars to flow into rural energy projects.

Healthcare

- Highlighted new \$272 million per year for the next five years to transform health care system.
- Addressed the success and expansion of the Alaska Psychiatric Institute.

Housing

- Highlighted the work of the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation to address affordability and availability.
- "Through legislation we sponsored in 2024, AHFC is now able to offer lower down payments and rebates on new construction of energy efficient homes."
- Discussed prioritized rural workforce housing for teachers, health care workers, and law enforcement.
- Mentioned plans to introduce initiative creating a partnership between the State, the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation, and willing municipalities aimed at increasing the housing supply.

Technology

- Alaska is on track to be one of the first states to handle most of its business in the cloud.
- "With data centers, fiber connectivity, and our strategic location, I believe in a future where Alaska could be a global hub for information just as it is for transportation and logistics."

Transportation

- Highlighted record-setting \$183 million in federal highway funds for transportation infrastructure improvements.
- Mentioned the addition of five new cargo carriers in Anchorage over the past five years.
- Touted port infrastructure projects in Kotzebue and Nome in preparation for expanded Arctic shipping and for national security interests.

ARIZONA

Governor Katie Hobbs (D) – January 12

[Full Speech Text](#)

Anti-Administration

- Hobbs referenced the One Big Beautiful Bill focusing on the cuts to Medicaid and food assistance and the increased national debt.
- Expressed her dissatisfaction with FEMA in failing to provide emergency funding following extreme flooding in the towns of Globe and Miami.
- Criticized the federal government for their negligence in protecting the southern border, causing Arizona to rack up over \$700 million in border security expenses over the last five years. Hobbs indicated that the state expects the federal government to repay these costs.

Data Centers

- Asked data centers to pay their fair share for their water use. If data centers were to pay one cent for every one gallon of water they use, the state could make a multi-million-dollar deposit into the Colorado River Protection fund each year.
- Executive budget calls to eliminate the \$38 million Data Center Tax Exemption.

Economic Development

- Named affordability as her top priority.
- Supports tax cuts for the middle class and will sign a package that increases standard deductions and cuts taxes on overtime pay on tips.
- Addressed the Reactivation of the Greater Arizona Development Authority expanded opportunities to build infrastructure for rural communities.

Education

- Plans to strengthen public education by bringing greater oversight to the Empowerment Scholarship Account (ESA) Program.
- Hobbs calls to renew Proposition 123 without the addition of constitutional protections to the ESA entitlement program.

Environmental

- Launching a new Active Management Area for La Paz County to continue efforts to crack down on out-of-state special interests to protect local groundwater supplies.
- To supercharge conservation efforts and continue building a sustainable and growing economy, Hobbs' Executive Budget will include thirty million dollars for a new Colorado River Protection Fund.

Government Reform

- Hobbs's executive budget will include a new Arizona Capacity and Efficiency Initiative. The goal of this initiative is to streamline, consolidate, and cut costs to government.

Healthcare

- Addressed her initiative to cancel medical debt led to \$642 million worth of medical debt to be erased for nearly half a million people without adding any additional costs to the state government.
- Vowed to continue efforts to prevent dangerous drugs, including fentanyl and other illicit substances, from entering the state.

Housing

- Launching a new Housing Acceleration Fund to build more affordable housing at a faster rate. The fund leverages public and private dollars to unlock lower cost financing and multiply the affordable homes built. The initiative will begin with an initial \$2.5 million investment.
- Proposed the creation of the Arizona Affordability Fund to help families pay their utility bills, weatherize their homes to lower energy costs, and build more affordable housing units.
- Suggested a nightly fee of \$3.50 on short-term rental stays to help increase the Arizona Affordability Fund.

ARKANSAS

Governor Sarah Huckabee Sanders (R) – January 12

[Full Speech Text](#)

Consumer Protection

- Stated there will be “no big tech exploiting our kids” in Arkansas.

DEI

- Stated there will be “no woke indoctrination in the classroom” and “no men in women’s sports”

Economic Development

- Highlighted economic trade missions to secure deals in aerospace, defense, steel, energy, and advanced manufacturing.
- Mentioned that Arkansas was ranked as the #1 fastest-growing economy in the nation, with record-high employment.
- Highlighted the state as having the lowest cost of living and being the top destination for people relocating for the second year in a row.

Education

- Highlighted the LEARNS act as a top policy priority, leading to Arkansas’ ranking rising from 43rd to 36th in the nation.
- Observed that reading scores have risen in nearly every grade level, and full-time literacy coaches have been deployed to D- and F-rated schools.
- Mentioned the Education Freedom Accounts (EFA) which allows students to attend private schools or homeschool with specialized resources; it is currently serving 44,000 students.
- Highlighted improved teacher support, including higher starting pay and 12 weeks of paid maternity leave.
- Highlighted the Merit Teacher Incentive Fund which has delivered \$30 million in bonuses to over 7,000 educators.
- Mentioned free school breakfast and summer food programs to ensure no child goes hungry.

Energy

- Highlighted that the state cut permitting time for new energy projects from 18 months down to 6 months.
- Mentioned that Arkansans enjoy some of the lowest utility rates in the country.

Government Reform

- Highlighted the Arkansas Forward Initiative which has identified at least \$300 million in savings by cutting unused phone lines and renegotiating contracts.
- Mentioned Executive Orders signed to remove regulations, cut permitting, and streamline government processes.
- Highlighted that state income tax was cut by 20% over the last three years, and the Grocery Tax was eliminated. Mentioned she plans to call a special session to cut income taxes again.

Medicaid

- Called for “no new Medicaid coverage mandates” and no additional long-term ongoing expenses.

Workforce Development

- Highlighted the 10:33 Initiative which aims to move vulnerable Arkansans from “crisis to career.”
- Mentioned the creation of a recidivism pilot program was created to get former inmates back into the workforce.
- Highlighted expanding program to attract veterans to the state and help provide them with homes and jobs.

CALIFORNIA

Governor Gavin Newsom (D) – January 8

[Full Speech Text](#)

Anti-Administration

- “The administration’s mini-dramas and vapid day trading, all with real-world consequences, none more striking than the Big Beautiful Bill. That bill is putting 1.8 million Californians at risk of losing their health insurance, and 2 million facing premium increases. Cuts to food aid — poised to impact 375,000 Californians.”
- And for what? All to benefit the top 10% of this country — people who already own two-thirds of the household wealth. Plutarch was right when he warned us 2,000 years ago that this imbalance of the rich and the poor “is the oldest and most fatal ailment of all republics.”

Artificial Intelligence

- Newsom referenced the work last year on landmark legislation to create the nation’s first rules for responsible, ethical, and safe use of AI, regulations that provide guardrails that balance risk and opportunity.
- Called the bill a consensus effort and a template for the nation.

Economic Development

- The governor’s office unveiled the state’s first economic development blueprint last year with over 10,000 people participating in the development.

Education

- Newsom’s budget proposal will contain the most significant investments in public education in California history.
- Continued investment in school meals.

Energy

- Referenced high energy bills as a component of the affordability crisis.

Healthcare

- Cited the need to lower health care costs.
- California is launching its own generic drug label and launched insulin at \$11 a pen.
- Trumpeted the state’s overhauled mental health system.
- On July 1 of this year, California will implement the second phase of Proposition 1 by redirecting over \$1 billion in annual mental health funding to housing and treatment for people living on the streets.

Housing

- Last year Newsom signed 61 housing reform bills.
- Wants to work with the legislature to reduce the cost of construction by utilizing new building methods and technology.

Technology

- Referenced the successful passage of bills during the 2025 session including banning cellphones in schools, age verification, parental control, and chatbot safety.

Anti-Administration

- “Big Government is in our wallets, our doctor’s offices, in our homes, bullying businesses of all sizes.”
- Referenced negative impacts of HR 1, including state budget cuts and slashing of Medicaid and SNAP, with states tariff taxes driving up costs for Coloradans.

Education

- Touted that the average teacher pay is up over \$13,000 dollars per year.
- Celebrated that 98% of kindergarteners take advantage of free-full day kindergarten.
- Referenced his role in the National Governors Association (NGA) as the Chair, supporting the Initiative: Let’s Get Ready: Educating All Americans for Success.

Environmental

- Reconfirmed that by 2030, more than 70% of Colorado’s electricity will come from wind and solar.
- Called for permitting across the state to be clear, fast, and consistent.
- Implementing the visionary Colorado Water Plan and directing over \$127 million in new funding to support local water projects.

Healthcare

- Called on the federal government to take on action for a solution to healthcare affordability.

Housing

- Polis highlighted several initiatives that Colorado has implemented for housing, including the construction of 10,000 new homes through proposition 123. The state also launched the innovative housing hub to make it easier to apply for affordable rental housing tax credits.
- Plans to bring down homeowners insurance rates, through steps such as making hail resistant roofs more affordable and reducing fire risks.

Pharmaceuticals

- Critical of the insurance and pharmaceutical industries
- “When it comes to health care, special interests like big hospitals, big pharma, big insurance and Pharmacy Benefit Managers, are the umpires and have way too much influence to call the pitches the way they like.”

Taxation

- Highlighted that the state worked to close corporate tax loopholes during special session.
- Hopes to reduce the state’s income tax rate.

Transportation

- Re-paved 2,500 miles of roads in the past five years.
- Increased the number of electric vehicles from 18,000 in 2019 to 204,000 in 2026.
- Wants to make it more affordable to get an electric vehicle by directing savings to lower-cost electric vehicles.

Technology

- Identified Colorado’s position as a leading state for artificial intelligence.

CONNECTICUT

Governor Ned Lamont (D) – February 4

[Full Speech Text](#)

Anti-Administration

- Asked the legislature to extend a \$313 million fund, designated to backfill any unanticipated cuts from the federal government, through the end of next fiscal year.

Economic Development

- Announced that the state had the fourth highest economic growth in the country in the last quarter.
- Lamont highlighted that the budget remains in surplus, allowing the state to continue to make a sizeable deposit into the childcare endowment and make their way towards universal early childhood education.

Education

- Proposed a bell-to-bell cellphone ban in schools.
- Called for free school breakfasts for all students.
- Plans to sign an executive order creating a Blue Ribbon Commission on K-12 Education. The Commission takes a bottom-up look at education with a focus on an updated funding strategy, the foundation grant, and making sure more resources go to the classroom.

Energy

- Proposed a \$400 per family energy rebate to help families pay high energy costs during the colder months.
- Lamont highlighted that the state utilizes various sources of energy including the Millstone nuclear agreement and the Quebec Hydro and Revolution Wind.

Government Reform

- Proposed budget eliminates licensing fees for nurses and trades.

Healthcare

- Called to move forward with the Connecticut Option, a state-level public health insurance program.

Housing

- Calls for permitting reform to make it easier, faster, and less expensive to build new housing.
- Proposed budget continues to prioritize mortgage and Time to Own subsidies for those working in towns across the state.
- Proposed budget strengthens the state's COGs, a regional back office so that every town does not have to hire its own building inspector or housing planner.

DELAWARE

Governor Matt Meyer (D) – January 22

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Highlighted expanded mission of the Delaware Prosperity Partnership.
- Mentioned the strengthened EDGE grant program to help Delaware small businesses.
- Highlighted federal small business funding put to work.

Education

- Nearly \$50 million investment in early childhood education in the next year.
- Mentioned widespread use of Literacy Screeners and the adoption of The Science of Reading.
- Promoted the revamped Your Voice, Your Choice program putting funds directly in teachers' hands.
- Highlighted \$8.7 million grant to improve evidence-based literacy in grades four through eight.
- Advocated for a fair funding formula that directs resources based on students' actual needs.

Energy

- Called on the Public Service Commission to stop approving any Delmarva rate hikes.
- Highlighted US Wind, a 1.7-gigawatt project.
- Called for safe, modern nuclear energy.

Government Reform

- Praised efforts within Unemployment Insurance Office and DNREC.

Healthcare

- Highlighted the development of 15 transformative healthcare programs and application for federal rural health transformation funding.
- Mentioned that the federal government sent preliminary notice that the state will, over the next five years, receive more funding than any other competitive grant in state history.
- "That opportunity allows us to pursue Delaware's first medical school, training physicians to serve state-wide, expand training for nurses and physicians' assistants and bring care directly into homes through telehealth, Food is Medicine, and community health programs."
- Called for expanding scope of practice and reforming Certificate of Need.
- Acknowledged the expansion of mobile health units.

Housing

- Announced that the state is streamlining permitting, digitizing approvals, and working with counties and municipalities to make Delaware the most efficient state in the nation to build affordable housing.
- Highlighted work done to implement zoning reforms to enable increased housing production.

FLORIDA

Governor Ron DeSantis (R) – January 13

[Full Speech Video](#)

Artificial Intelligence

- Believes AI threatens to upend key parts of the economy, with consumers footing the bill of expensive data centers.
- He also references the usage of chatbots, and the potential danger they pose to children.

Budget

- Touted improvements to Florida's budget, including tripling Florida's Rainy Day Fund.
- Emphasized limited government and fiscal responsibility.

Education

- Highlighted the high school graduation rate at 92.2%, the highest graduation rate in the state's history
- Renewed emphasis on civics education

GEORGIA

Governor Brian Kemp (R) – January 15

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Cited investments in state employee workforce.
- Highlighted past seven years' 219,700 new jobs and more than \$118 billion in investment from projects worked by the state economic development team.
- Emphasized consideration of small businesses.
- Highlighted investments in workforce training programs over the last seven years.

Education

- Celebrated investments in school safety.
- Noted significant increase in teacher pay.
- Emphasized investments in postsecondary education institutions and programs.
- Budget proposal invests 325 million dollars in the University System of Georgia's DREAMS Scholarship program "the first need-based scholarship of its kind in Georgia history."

Healthcare

- \$40.7 million in this year's budget proposals for healthcare education facilities and medical workforce training programs.
- Showcased investments in medical residency slots.
- Budget proposal adds another \$2.1 million to further upward trend in healthcare workforce need.

Taxation

- Cited one-time tax relief to the tune of over \$3.2 billion, property tax relief of nearly \$1 billion, over \$2.2 billion in motor fuel tax suspensions, and permanent income tax savings of nearly \$3.4 billion.
- Announced one-time, \$1 billion tax rebate this year that will return or save the average filer \$250 and married couples up to \$500.
- Proposed 20-basis point reduction in state's personal and corporate income tax rate.

HAWAII

Governor Josh Green (D) – January 26

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Plans to expand SNAP matching programs and increase affordable child care support for working parents.
- Will support construction apprenticeships tied directly to affordable housing projects.
- Creating public-private workforce pathways in healthcare, energy, and education sectors.

Education

- Expanded pre-school access statewide.
- Launched Sun Bucks to provide summer food benefits to eligible children statewide.

Environment

- Passed the nation's first "Green Fee" — the largest dedicated source of revenue to fund climate action and environmental protection in Hawai'i state history, and the first of its kind in the country.
- Will continue to expand wildfire prevention and preparedness.

Healthcare

- Including \$16.5 million in the proposed 2026 budget to cover the cost of the enhanced ACA tax credits.
- Will improve healthcare access and affordability by expanding the HELP initiative to hundreds more providers across the state.
- Recently announced the state won nearly \$190 million in federal funds for fiscal year 2027, as part of the Rural Health Transformation Program.

Housing

- Highlighted the signing of emergency housing proclamations to cut red tape and move projects faster.
- Over the next decade, more than 20,000 additional homes are planned on state lands.
- Vowed to deliver at least another 10,000 new homes by bringing more short-term rentals back into the housing market.
- Touted the largest investment in reducing homelessness in Hawai'i state history, and building more housing units for the homeless than any previous administration.
- Providing provide \$10.8 million to strengthen Family Assessment Centers and Housing First programs, rapid re-housing, outreach, and civil legal services.
- Committed to delivering another 1,200 interim housing units.

Healthcare

- Highlighted the state’s efforts to advance the Make America Healthy Again agenda, including eliminating candy and soda in the food stamp program.
- Referenced healthcare affordability and access as a top concern.
- Committed to investing nearly 1 billion federal dollars to improve the accessibility and affordability of rural health care.

Education

- Confirmed that K-12 public schools are not subject to budget cuts.
- Touted increases to teacher pay and investments in school facilities

Energy

- Celebrated the Idaho National Laboratory being at the forefront of nuclear energy research.

Government Reform

- Discussed the passage of the Code Cleanup Act to scrub Idaho Code and deliver the Red Tape Rollback report to the legislature.
- Little’s administration will continue its focus on cutting red tape.

Taxation

- Shared support of the tax cuts in the “One Big Beautiful Bill”

INDIANA

Governor Mike Braun (R) – January 14

[Full Speech Text](#)

Data Centers

- “AI is going to be key to the jobs of the future, but data centers can’t stick Hoosiers with the power bill. Companies that want big power in Indiana should pay their own way.”

Economic Development

- Identified affordability as his top priority
- Pointed to recent gains in wages alongside reductions in the cost of attracting and retaining employers
- Voiced support for legislation aimed at making homeownership more accessible
- Expressed support for initiatives to expand the affordability and availability of childcare, noting interest in a collaborative model in which businesses also contribute.
- Announced he has been all over the state breaking ground on new projects creating thousands of new high wage jobs.

Education

- Supports for tuition freeze at public universities.
- Announced the implementation of universal school choice, effective this fall.
- Trumpeted improvements in starting salaries for teachers across the state.
- Reaffirmed a commitment to protecting and advancing parental rights within educational settings.

Energy

- Stated that utility rates are too high and appointed a new advocate to hold the line.
- Expressed support for legislation to hold investor-owned utility companies accountable to provide affordable energy before they can increase their profit margin.

Government Operations

- The majority of Indiana state agencies operated with 10% cuts this year.

Healthcare

- Announced legislation to keep Hoosiers out of medical debt. “We need creative solutions to make health care affordable and protect families from predatory collections.”
- Highlighted \$465 million in Medicare and Medicaid savings this year.

Tax

- Pointed out historic property tax cut.

Technology

- Supports limiting cellphone use in schools and give parents veto power over their kids and social media: “That’s a decision for you to make as parents, not Big Tech.”

Economic Development

- Announced that the state attracted over \$20 billion in new capital investment since 2024.

Education

- Highlighted focus on evidence-based literacy and math instruction, strengthened accountability, and expanded work-based learning.
- Touted the largest raise for teachers in state history.
- Discussed expanded educational options and universally available Education Savings Accounts.
- Announced a new initiative granting Iowa greater control over federal education funding.
- Announced a bill to ensure per-pupil funding truly follows the student, and ensure that public charter school students have access to concurrent enrollment classes and extracurricular activities.

Government Reform

- Referenced that the state has aligned agencies, eliminated 21 cabinet departments, and cut over 4,000 regulations.
- Stated that Iowa is working with some of the biggest names in tech to modernize state systems, drive efficiencies, and improve services.
- “We’re partnering with Amazon Web Services to consolidate more than 50 state call centers into a single, smarter system that will use AI to get Iowans the help they need — faster, simpler, and at a lower cost. And through a new partnership with Google Public Sector, we’re building a modern, intuitive, and fully compliant Comprehensive Child Welfare system.”

Healthcare

- Discussed a recent award for the state’s plan to strengthen rural health care.
- Highlighted investments in cancer prevention, screening, and treatment.
- Discussed the Healthy Hometowns Initiative to develop cancer care hubs, expand the Centers of Excellence program model to include cardiovascular care and mental health, and create local care teams to provide primary care and chronic disease management.

Tax

- Highlighted a number of tax reform measures put in place by her administration.
- Announced a property tax bill that will cap overall revenue growth for local governments.
- Mentioned a proposal that freezes property tax bills for Iowans age 65 and up whose homes are valued at \$350,000 or less.
- Announced a tax-deductible savings account for first-time homebuyers.
- Discussed plans to modernize the beginning-farmer tax credit.

Economic Development

- Kelly highlighted her administration's success in securing the bid to move the Kansas City Chief's stadium to Kansas, creating thousands of new jobs and sparking increased economic activity.
- New businesses have invested over \$30 billion and created over 80,000 new jobs in the state.

Education

- Citing the federal government's cuts to special education funding, Kelly's proposed budget includes increased investments in special education.
- Proposed allowing students who receive reduced price meals to move entirely to free meals, highlighting that the cost of groceries is creating increased economic strain on families.

Environmental

- Called upon the newly established Water Task Force to lay out a comprehensive long-term strategy and identify a dedicated funding source to help address the state's water crisis.

Government Reform

- Created the Office of Early Childhood to provide parents, providers, and businesses with a single point of contact for all things related to early childhood.

Healthcare

- Mental health is one of Kelly's priorities this legislative session, indicating the need to increase access to treatment, invest more in crisis response, and expand the behavioral health workforce.
- Kelly supports and will sign a bill banning cell phone use during the school day, highlighting the impact of smartphones and social media on children's mental health.

Technology

- Addressed the creation of the Office of Rural Prosperity to address the unique economic needs of rural communities. Through this office, Kelly's administration invested millions in high-speed internet, connecting over 117,000 homes and businesses with these services.

KENTUCKY

Governor Andy Beshear (D) – January 7

[Full Speech Text](#)

Anti-Administration

- Highlighted national tariff and trade policy that is impacting the national economy and slowing or pausing projects.
- Emphasized the impact of the federal budget bill on the state: “It could close 35 rural hospitals, fire 20,000 health-care workers, and eliminate coverage for 200,000 Kentuckians... It also cuts nursing scholarships at a time where a shortage threatens the quality of care our families receive.”

Economic Development

- Highlighted that the state has invested more than \$10.5 billion and created nearly 9,600 jobs in the last year alone.
- Announced that Kentucky secured another top 5 ranking for economic development for the fifth year in a row.
- Proposed budget includes \$70 million for site development to create build-ready, job-ready cities.
- Called for a \$25 million rural economic development fund to bring jobs to these areas.
- Due to the federal government’s cuts to the SNAP program, Beshear’s proposed budget calls for \$50 million to assist food banks.

Education

- Asked for funding for a reentry campus at the Kentucky Community and Technical College System to assist in lowering recidivism rates.
- Proposed budget calls for \$159 million for mandatory raises for educators, seeking to increase take-home pay by nearly 7%.
- Proposed budget adds \$560 million to teachers’ retirement funds.
- Asked members of the General Assembly to pass universal pre-k.

Energy

- Beshear’s proposed budget includes a \$75 million fund to assist residents in paying their utility bills.

Healthcare

- Beshear highlighted his administration’s success in expanding access to healthcare. Specifically highlighted the opening of the Pikeville Medical Center’s (PMC) new children’s hospital and its Appalachian Valley Autism Center that serves over 100,000 children covering 23 Eastern Kentucky counties.

Housing

- Announced his largest affordable housing investment in state history with \$223 million going toward 953 rental units.
- Proposed a \$150 million investment in the state’s Affordable Housing Trust Fund.

Medicaid

- Proposed budget fully funds Medicaid. It provides \$100 million to lower the cost of coverage on kynect (Kentucky benefits program), expands the number of Michelle P. Waiver slots for families of children with special needs, includes \$25 million for nursing student loan forgiveness, and creates a \$125 million rural hospital fund.

Transportation

- Highlighted that construction on the final stretch of the Mountain Parkway began in 2025.

LOUISIANA

Governor Jeff Landry (R) – March 9

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Reiterated the policies of abolishing the franchise tax; lowering income taxes; tripling the standard deduction; eliminating special interest loopholes and exemptions, and drastically simplifying the tax code.
- Pointed to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics that says the average wage in Louisiana has risen from \$48,700 to \$61,284 in six short years.
- Called for increasing the Promise Program funding to expand access to community and technical colleges that train students for in-demand, high-paying jobs.

Education

- Landry highlighted that the state's fourth graders have displayed the largest gains in reading nationwide.
- Called on voters to pass amendment 3 on the ballot this year, which pays down on the long-standing debt in the teacher retirement system and gives a permanent pay raise to teachers.

Healthcare

- Highlighted the state's raise of Medicaid reimbursement rates to 85 percent.
- Seeking to create an Office of Health and Nutrition to bring food policy and chronic disease management together.

Anti-Administration

- Highlighted Trump administration’s cuts to healthcare through the Big Beautiful Bill. The state is estimated to lose \$5 billion in health care funds over the next ten years.

Economic Development

- Mills highlighted that state has seen an increase in 16,200 private sector jobs over her seven years in office.
- Mentioned that Maine’s unemployment rate has been below four percent for nearly four years.
- Mills’ Maine Jobs and Recovery Plan has enrolled more than 20,000 people in job training programs since its implementation.
- Proposed sending eligible residents (an estimated 725,000 people) a \$300 Affordability Relief check to offset some of the costs of goods and groceries. Funding for the relief checks will be drawn from the state’s Rainy Day Fund that currently stands at the legal maximum of more than one billion dollars.

Education

- Mills called to make the free community college program permanent in the state. Last year, the legislature agreed to continue it through the class of 2025.
- Proposed supplemental budget contains an additional \$46 million to maintain the state’s commitment to pay 55 percent of the costs of education and prevent property tax increases.
- To improve math and reading skills, the Maine Department of Education created the Maine State Reading and Math Action Plans to bring more evidence-based instruction, educator training, and academic partnerships to the classroom.
- Highlighted support for banning cell phones in the classroom.

Energy

- Called to diversify the state’s energy sources by bringing in more clean energy to offset natural gas.
- Announced that administration will make rebates for high efficiency water heaters and heat pumps available.

Healthcare

- Proposed supplemental budget includes a one-time appropriation of \$2.25 million in General Funds to replace federal cuts to Planned Parenthood and Maine Family Planning’s primary care services.
- Announced that the state received \$190 million through the Rural Health Transformation Program.
- Mills called upon the federal government to address the current healthcare crisis, highlighting that “nothing short of universal health care is acceptable.”

Housing

- Announced a \$70 million “American Dream” proposal to further expand housing. The proposal will result in 825 new homes across Maine.
- Proposed two new pilot programs, backed by \$17.5 million in one-time funding from the Rainy Day Fund and administered by MaineHousing to build 530 new homes and apartments for middle class families.
- Called to increase investments in existing housing programs, through a one-time investment of \$52.5 million from the Rain Day Fund, which will in turn trigger at least \$15 million in Federal matching funds.

Tax

- Highlighted Maine’s various tax credit programs including the Earned Income Tax Credit, the Dependent Exemption Tax Credit, the Student Loan Tax Credit, and the Property Tax Fairness Credit.

Transportation

- Under Mill’s administration, nearly 200 bridges have been repaired and nearly 8,000 miles of road have been repaved.

Anti-Administration

- Mentioned that the federal government has fired around 25,000 Marylanders who have federal jobs and that the Trump administration's domestic policy agenda could kick 180,000 Marylanders off health care and more the 680,000 Marylanders off food assistance.
- Announced that the state will fill the \$40 million gap in SNAP funding created by the Trump administration's domestic policy agenda.

Artificial Intelligence

- Touted an investment of \$4 million to provide workers with hands-on training in AI.
- Highlighted the state's efforts to use AI to better serve the public.
 - AI will soon be used in the state to help residents navigate SNAP, Medicaid, unemployment insurance, and childcare subsidies.
- Announced that his innovation team launched a new AI-powered tool to help entrepreneurs navigate data, grant programs, and support resources.

Data Centers

- Announced that data center projects must hire local workers, engage local government and communities, and cover the costs of their own power needs in order to receive Moore's approval.

Economic Development

- Highlighted that his administration has created nearly 100,000 new jobs and opened over 35,000 businesses since taking office.
- Over the course of Moore's three years in office, the state has attracted more than \$10 billion in private investment.

Education

- Maryland has jumped 20 slots in national rankings in early literacy in just two years.
- Touted that the state cut teacher vacancy rates in half in just three years.
- Proposed \$10 billion in funding for public schools.
- Launching an Academic Excellence Program that will bring together a team of academic coaches to ensure that Maryland educators have the tools, lessons, and resources to improve outcomes.

Energy

- Last year, the state provided \$200 million in direct energy rebates. This year, Moore proposed legislation that will add an additional \$100 million in energy rebates.
- Emphasized the need to build the state's energy portfolio that takes an "all of the above approach," including assets like natural gas and nuclear power.
- Addressed the Maryland Energy Administration's Community Solar Program and how it has already added 78 megawatts of solar to the grid and will cut utility bills for at least 10,500 low and moderate-income Marylanders.
- Touted the coalition of Democratic and Republican governors he led at the White House to sign a Statement of Principles calling for energy reform.
- Called on the grid operator of PJM to cap the price of energy for the next two years, incentivize new power generation, and ensure that data centers cover the costs of the strain they put on the grid.

Environmental

- Proposed \$12 million to support flood recovery efforts in Allegany County.

Healthcare

- Introduced legislation to decouple the state's vaccine authority from the federal governments.

Housing

- Highlighted the Maryland Transit and Opportunity Act of 2026 as one of his key legislative priorities. The goal of this legislation is to build more housing near transit.

Immigration

- Announced the launch of Citizenship Maryland which brings together law firms, the private sector, and unions to make sure that residents who are eligible for citizenship know they are and get the support that they need.

Medicaid

- Moore proposed \$14 billion for the state's Medicaid program to ensure 1.4 million Marylanders have health insurance.

Public Safety

- Touted his ENOUGH Initiative that works closely with community schools and sends funding to neighborhoods most affected by intergenerational poverty in an effort to reduce violent crime.
 - Moore reported that homicides are down nearly 50% statewide.

Transportation

- Touted that the rebuild of the Francis Scott Key Bridge is currently the fastest large rebuild in the US.

Anti-Administration

- Criticized the Trump Administration blaming the tariff policy for driving up cost of living.

Consumer Protection

- Called upon the legislature to introduce legislation that makes it easier for to cancel subscriptions to streaming services and apps.

Economic Development

- Proposed budget includes increased funding for local food banks.
- Highlighted that the state cut 25% of regulations on small businesses to help lower their costs.
- Announced that the state plans to have 100,000 apprentices over the next 10 years to increase the workforce across various trades, nursing, early education, and technology.

Education

- Mentioned that the state is ahead of their goal in securing Universal Pre-K funding in every Gateway City.
- Announced a new goal of enrolling 100,000 students in Early College within 10 years.
- Highlighted that the state is ranked number one in the Nation's Report Card in every single category.
- Mentioned that the state has added over 20,000 childcare seats.

Energy

- Mental health is one of Kelly's priorities this legislative session, indicating the need to increase access to treatment, invest Stated that she will oppose any big rate hike that utilities ask for.
- Healey filed energy affordability legislation that seeks to increase power supply, drive down costs, and save a projected \$13 billion.
- Energy supply strategy involves an "all of the above" approach which includes using wind, solar, hydro, gas, and nuclear to power homes and businesses.
- Announced the launch of a new hydroelectric line that is projected to lower bills by \$50 million.
- Healey stated that the state will go after more solar, more transmission, and more battery storage to further build the state's energy supply.
- Proposed requiring utilities to buy energy at the lowest price.
- Cutting residents' electric bills by 25% and gas bills by 10% in February and March 2026.

Healthcare

- Healey highlighted that last year her administration capped what insurance companies can charge people in deductibles and copays.
- Proposed eliminating prior authorization meaning that residents will no longer need insurance companies to sign off on treatment.
- Called to ban medical debt from being reported to credit agencies.
- Announced the creation of a Health Care Affordability Working Group to bring leaders across all sectors to work and decrease healthcare costs.

Housing

- Healey's housing strategy prioritizes building more houses at a faster rate. She highlighted her administration's success in decreasing the environmental approval process down to 30 days as opposed to over year.
- Due to COVID leading to more remote work, more cities have empty offices. As a result, her housing strategy looks to use empty and unused property such as former courthouses, hospitals, and state offices and turning them into housing.
- Announced the expansion of the program that gives families \$25,000 towards a down payment.

Technology

- Proposed new parental consent and age verification requirements on social media platforms.

Transportation

- Announced an \$8 billion plan to improve the transportation system. This includes accelerating bridge construction.

MICHIGAN

Governor Gretchen Whitmer (D) – February 25

[Full Speech Text](#)

Education

- Recognized the state’s low literacy rates and referred to the executive budget recommendation that includes the largest targeted literacy investment in Michigan history.
- Plans to fund additional professional learning for teachers and provide more tutoring and small group support in class.

Energy

- “We’re producing more clean, reliable energy from wind, solar, nuclear, and hydrogen, to protect our planet and power everyone’s homes.”

Healthcare

- Called on members of Congress to renew the ACA subsidies.
- Addressing medical debt, Whitmer suggested capping interest rates on medical debt, preventing medical debt from showing up on credit report, banning liens or foreclosures on homes because of medical debt, and requiring hospitals to set up financial assistance programs for patients.
- Proposed significant investment in the executive budget recommendation to stabilize Medicaid funding.

Housing

- Pointed to tariffs as a reason for housing costs. “We rely on Canadian lumber and Mexican drywall to build homes, and tariffs have raised the cost of a house by upwards of 17 grand, further exacerbating our housing shortage.”
- Called for a new, state-level affordable housing tax credit to unlock more federal dollars and build more homes.
- Proposed improving zoning and building codes, and modernizing lot sizes, setback rules, and parking requirements as ways to build more homes quickly.

MISSOURI

Governor Mike Kehoe (R) – January 13

[Full Speech Text](#)

Artificial Intelligence

- Announced his signing of an executive order to reinforce Missouri’s commitment to safely and effectively use AI in state government operations
- Stated that Missouri is open for AI and open for business.

Budget

- Kehoe’s proposed budget cuts more than \$600 million.
- Stated that the current budget has a historic imbalance.
- Economic Development
- Named economic development as a top priority for the administration

Energy

- Strongly committed to nuclear power.
- Kehoe called on the legislature to pass Senator Cierpiot and Representative Hurlbert’s update to Missouri’s Renewable Energy Standard (SB 838)
- Addressed his executive order establishing the Advanced Nuclear Energy Task Force to promote nuclear energy deployment in Missouri.
- Supports adding guardrails around industrial solar developments.

Taxes

- Working to phase-out and eliminate Missouri’s individual income tax. He called on members of the legislature to pass a joint resolution placing the proposal before voters.

DEI

- Pillen’s proposed budget includes language that eliminates DEI and Critical Race Theory (CRT) from Nebraska’s higher education system.

Education

- Secured an agreement with the University of Nebraska that allows every Nebraska student who scores a 33 or better on their ACT to get a full scholarship, with housing included, to the university.
- Called for the unicameral to repeal a current law that prevents schools from suspending kindergarten through second grade students from their schools.

Energy

- Called upon the unicameral to pass a bill that will remove government red tape for large power users, such as artificial intelligence, aviation fuel, and bioeconomy plants, to allow them to build their own power plant and sell excess electricity onto the grid.

Government Reform

- Pillen highlighted his administration’s success in decreasing the size of government and cutting costs while still improving outcomes.

Healthcare

- Announced that the state received over \$218 million from the Rural Health Transformation program.

Tax

- Announced his Grow the Goodlife Incentive which provides a 10% tax credit for a decade to businesses who experience growth due to bringing in new, highly paid employees to the state.
- Pillen’s proposed budget calls for a decrease in government spending in order to deliver tax relief to residents. He plans to accomplish this through running government like a business to eliminate and merge duplicative or costly parts of government.

Technology

- Called for the passage of an agriculture data privacy bill that ensures the state’s farmers and livestock producers maintain ownership over their data.

Tort Reform

- Highlighted support for a series of tort reform bills that aim to protect the state’s workforce from “frivolous” lawsuits.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Governor Kelly Ayotte (R) – February 5

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Highlighted that New Hampshire was ranked by US News and World Report as the second-best state to live in the country.
- Emphasized the need to prioritize workforce training programs and making it easier to transfer credits between community colleges and the state's universities to prevent roadblocks for students.
- Ayotte said the state is moving forward with efforts to improve the childcare scholarship program and reduce barriers to new childcare providers in order to increase supply.

Education

- Highlighted the state's classroom cellphone ban implemented this past year.
- Called for a new reading initiative to discover how the state can best learn from the schools that have the highest number of students reading at grade level and apply these best practices statewide.

Energy

- Directed the Department of Energy to build pathways to foster nuclear power generation in the state. She asked the Department to bring together stakeholders, lawmakers, and organizations focused on nuclear generation.

Environmental

- Highlighted that she reached a conservation agreement for the Connecticut Lakes Headwater last month that will advance the interests of communities that depend upon this resource for timber and recreation.

Healthcare

- Wants the legislature to expand upon the GO-NORTH initiative that provides hundreds of millions in funding for rural healthcare initiatives. With this funding, Ayotte wishes to invest in innovative technologies that make care easier to access and improve patient outcomes.
- Highlighted that the GO-NORTH initiative will help transcend traditional clinic care by establishing community access points through schools, libraries, and mobile clinics. It will also expand the rural workforce by investing in recruitment, retention, and training to encourage skilled providers to stay in rural communities.
- Asked the Office of Professional Licensing and Certification to ensure licensing rules are updated where necessary and do not get in the way of using new technologies and growing providers.

Housing

- Touted that her administration has passed more than a dozen pieces of legislation to address the housing crisis including a new lean, 60-day permitting process. Other measures include expanded opportunities for new types of housing such as accessory dwellings and empty offices.
- Highlighted Bureau of Economic Affairs' data that shows the highest housing production in 20 years.

Public Safety

- Asked the legislature to double the administrative license suspension, from six months to one year, for drivers refusing to take a breath alcohol test. Tackling the culture of impaired drivers refusing to submit a breath alcohol test was named as one of the top recommendations of Ayotte's Highway Safety Task Force.

Tax

- Called upon local officials to lower property taxes while preventing tax increases in other areas.

Waste

- Called upon the legislature to pass a moratorium on new landfills and a process that considers community input when siting these projects.

NEW JERSEY

Governor Phil Murphy (D) – January 13

[Full Speech Text](#)

Anti-Administration

- “When President Trump has tried to attack our communities and our families, we have always fought back. We have taken them to court. And more often than not: We have won.”

Artificial Intelligence

- Maintained that New Jersey is a leader in AI
- Discussed partnership with Princeton and University to launch the New Jersey AI Hub, alongside New Jersey’s very own AI hyperscaler, Coreweave.
- Mentioned that public sector workers are trained to use secure AI platforms.
- Observed that his administration has used AI to shore up the state’s safety net.
- Stated that New Jersey has led the nation in addressing the risks of AI and other emerging technologies, highlighting the Deepfakes law passed last April.

Economic Development

- Discussed law nearly doubling the minimum wage and successes in job creation and small business support.
- Highlighted the Louisa Carman Medical Debt Relief Act which helped eliminate over a billion dollars in medical debt for almost 800,000 New Jerseyans.
- Announced the launch of 12 Strategic Innovation Centers.
- Discussed measures addressing the affordability crisis including increasing property tax relief, lowering the costs of essentials like health care, housing, and higher education, and creating new economic opportunities for workers and entrepreneurs.

Education

- Mentioned the increase in funding for K-12 schools to their highest levels in history.
- Touted signed legislation establishing a bell-to-bell ban on cell phones in K-12 schools.
- Children’s Online Safety
- Mentioned that Governor-Elect Mikie Sherrill has also identified children’s online safety as a major priority.

Government Operations

- Highlighted nine consecutive credit rating upgrades in just three years after a generation of downgrades.

Tax

- Mentioned the state’s new millionaire’s tax and property tax relief measures.

Transportation

- Discussed plans to improve reliability and replace outdated buses and rail cars in NJ TRANSIT’s fleet.

NEW MEXICO

Governor Michelle Lujan Grisham (D) – January 20

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Celebrated universal free childcare, more providers and childcare centers, and more training and support for childcare workers and educators.
- Asked for \$160 million recurring increase for universal childcare.
- Noted 150,000 new jobs in past seven years.
- Highlighted Quantum projects, including a defense partnership with the federal government.
- Asked for \$150 million in tax credits for next generation technologies like quantum computing and fusion.

Education

- Highlighted success of new literacy institute and comprehensive science of reading programs.
- Solicited a ban on cell phones in schools.
- Called for creation of Office of Special Education.
- Pointed to the year over year growth in college enrollment.

Energy

- Mentioned investments by Pacific Fusion for an R&D facility and XGS Energy for geothermal development.
- Cited doubled wind power capacity and the state ranked sixth nationally in solar power capacity.
- Discussed Energy Transition Act that brought in \$10 billion in private investment and set aggressive clean energy goals.
- Asked the legislature to codify the Climate Action Plan, which would cut climate pollution 45 percent by 2030 and get the state to net-zero by 2050.
- Mentioned reducing industry emissions, modernizing the grid, and expanding incentives for energy-efficient buildings.
- Supported agricultural practices and forest management strategies to protect natural resources.
- Concerned about increased rates, called for “blue-ribbon commission to develop a strategy to leverage and utilize private and public investments, grow our economy and protect consumers and businesses, while meeting exploding energy demands with more clean power.”

Government Reform

- Called for approving all the medical compacts to make it easier for out-of-state licensed providers to practice in New Mexico.

Healthcare

- Mentioned raised income caps leading to record enrollment in ACA plans and additional coverage through the Patient Affordability Fund.
- Highlighted more than \$130 million in the Rural Health Care Delivery Fund.
- Asked for building and endowing the new UNM School of Medicine.
- Petitioned for eliminating the gross receipts tax on medical services.
- Called for medical malpractice reform.

Housing

- Budget request includes \$110 million for housing and zoning reform to allow for durable, efficient housing production.

Taxation

- Touted reduced gross receipts tax, expanded rebates for low-income families, exemption of Social Security and military retirement from income tax, creation of a child tax credit, and expansion of the working families tax credit.

Technology

- Mentioned transformation of the State Investment Council’s venture capital approach to create an advanced technology ecosystem.

NEW YORK

Governor Kathy Hochul (D) – January 13

Anti-Administration

- “This moment carries real threats from Donald Trump and his enablers in Congress. Driving up costs on everything from groceries to farm equipment through these reckless tariffs. Killing major infrastructure projects that put union members to work. Tearing nursing immigrant mothers from their babies and calling it public safety.”
- Critical of Donald Trump’s actions on preventing offshore wind projects.

Artificial Intelligence

- Discussed disabling AI chatbots that can cause mental health problems.
- Wants to strengthen existing laws to prohibit deepfakes that impersonate political candidates.

Data Centers

- Hochul maintained that data centers are vital for an innovative future, but says they “guzzle up tremendous amounts of energy and leave ratepayers footing the bill.”

Energy

- Identifies energy costs as a major component of the affordability crisis, plans to streamline utility assistance to help homeowners make energy efficient upgrades.
- Announced the launch of a nuclear workforce development program and set a goal of building five gigawatts of nuclear power.

Government Reform

- Pledged to eliminate “outdated and onerous” regulations and leverage cutting-edge technology to make government work better.

Healthcare

- Vowed to protect affordable healthcare and vaccines.

Housing

- Highlighted state efforts to strengthen tenant protections and fund shovel-ready projects, as well as protect rent-regulated housing.
- Invest an additional \$250 million for affordable housing and \$100 million to scale innovative, manufactured housing that lowers costs and speeds construction.
- Launching the ‘Let Them Build’ Agenda, a series of reforms to build housing and other infrastructure projects.

Technology

- Hochul says the state has “taken on Big Tech” and passed nation-leading laws, with a focus on algorithms and children’s safety.
- Highlighted the state’s bell-to-bell phone ban in schools.
- Called for blocking location-sharing.
- Directly addressed doing more to cut off access to online sports gambling for children.
- Supports enacting new requirements to protect social media users under 18.

NORTH DAKOTA

Governor Kelly Armstrong (R) – January 21

[Full Speech Text](#)

Healthcare

- Declared the main focus of the legislative session to address the \$199 million in federal funds awarded for the first year of North Dakota's Rural Health Transformation Program.
- Referenced "Make North Dakota Healthy Again."
- Called for expanding local access to essential health services through telehealth, transportation, virtual medical rooms, and mobile clinics for hard-to-reach populations.
- Wants to keep health care workers in rural North Dakota with training, support, and retention grants.

Artificial Intelligence

- Requested the legislature to make it illegal to possess, create, or distribute child pornography that is created by AI, hold tech companies accountable for allowing their AI to assist or instruct an individual to harm themselves or others, and to pass a law to require cell phone and tech companies to automatically implement parental control features.

Economic Development

- Highlighted that CNBC named Ohio as one of the “Top Five States in the Nation for Business” and “Number One in the Midwest.”
- DeWine highlighted his new Governor’s Merit Scholarship that has led to 85% of Ohio’s top high school graduates to remain in Ohio for college, increasing the chance they will get a job in the state.

Education

- Celebrated the expansion of Dolly Parton’s Imagination Library that has provided over 25 million Imagination Library books to Ohio children since the start of his administration.
 - “Compared to children not enrolled in the program, those who receive these free books are nine times more likely to be read to four or more days per week and are 15 times more likely to want to read with a loved one.”
- Touted his Science of Reading initiative which has been expanded to all public schools and pre-school programs across the state.
 - “Every year, children going from preschool to kindergarten take our “Kindergarten Readiness Assessment.” And this past fall, kindergarten readiness statewide improved by 8.3%! This represents an additional 7,300 Ohio children who entered kindergarten ready to succeed.”
- Directed the Department of Education and Workforce to create regional “Science of Reading Instructional Implementation Teams” made up of trained experts tasked with helping K-12 school fully execute the Science of Reading in the classroom.
- Further directed the Department of Education and Workforce to add 50 more ReadOhio coaches and extend their reach to at least 70 more schools. Also asked the Department to provide free ReadOhio coach training and credentialing to literacy coaches already employed by the school district.
- DeWine’s Biennial 2025-27 budget included language to ensure that all school districts had a clear attendance policy beginning in the Fall 2025 school year.
- Announced that the Department of Education and Workforce will launch a new “Statewide Attendance Dashboard” on April 15, 2025.
- Touted his ban of cell phones in public schools.
- Asked the legislature to make the Team Tressel Fitness Challenge a permanent opportunity for children to further promote health and fitness in schools.

Healthcare

- DeWine highlighted that every child in the state now has access to mobile mental health services.

Transportation

- Called for the legislature to pass a primary seatbelt law.

OKLAHOMA

Governor Kevin Stitt (R) – February 2

[Full Speech Text](#)

Education

- Touted an increase in public education more in Governor Stitt's term as governor than in the past 25 years.
- Callback to the Parental Choice Tax Credit
- The first work on this achievement, make it available to every family in Oklahoma.

Government Reform

- Called for a State Question on the ballot to codify a 3% annual cap on recurring spending growth in the Constitution and "lock in future cuts with ironclad rules".

Healthcare

- Identified Medicaid as driving massive spending growth while enabling waste. Identified Medicaid as eating up 37% of the annual budget. Referred to his executive order that ramps up work requirements and vetting for Medicaid.
- Called on the Legislature to send a question to voters that would allow adjustments to Medicaid expansion.
- Wants to repeal medical marijuana

Taxes

- Called on the Legislature to create the Taxpayer Endowment Fund—seeding it with \$750 million of existing savings.
- Called for a state question that freezes property tax growth across the board.

Anti-Administration

- Highlighted fight against Trump Administration over \$18 million cut for homeland security funding.
- Proposed a Federal Response Fund seeded with \$100 million to help mitigate Federal action or inaction.

Artificial Intelligence

- Maintained that Pennsylvania is well-positioned to play a leading role in the battle for AI supremacy.
- Mentioned he directed departments to explore options to hold AI chatbot developers accountable.
- Called for age verification and parental consent, detection of children’s mention of self harm or violence and subsequent direction to authorities, reminders that users are not interacting with humans, and prohibition of sexually explicit or violent content featuring kids.

Data Centers

- Highlighted that his Administration is delivering the required speed and certainty in permitting.
- Announced GRID - the Governor’s Responsible Infrastructure Development standards - to hold data center developers accountable.
- Called for developers to provide their own power generation, commit to strict transparency standards and direct community engagement, hire local workers, and commit to highest standards of environmental protection.

Economic Development

- Highlighted investments in Luzerne and Bucks counties and the largest economic development deal ever in the Lehigh Valley.
- Maintained that Pennsylvania now has the only state economy in the Northeast that is growing.
- Highlighted over 21,500 jobs and secured over \$39 billion in private sector investment in past three years.
- Highlighted building of largest biomedical testing laboratory in the world in Lancaster County and Mitsubishi Electric Power Products factory in Beaver County.
- Called for creating Innovate In PA 2.0 to support startups.
- Called for refunding the Innovation fund launched in 2013.
- Called for increasing the minimum wage.
- Called for reforming arbitrary licensing requirement to make it easier for people to get on the job.

Education

- Highlighted increased funding for education by nearly 30%.
- Mentioned expanded vo-tech, CTE, and apprenticeships.
- Mentioned 3,000 more students enrolled in career and technical education courses.
- Mentioned that the budget directs \$565 million more to the schools that need it most through the new adequacy formula.
- Highlighted funding for mental health services in nearly 800 schools.
- Called for a bill to ban cell phones in schools.
- Highlighted creation of the State Board of Higher Education and the Performance-Based Funding Council.
- Called for increased CTE funding by another \$18 million and cutting red tape for CTE students.
- Called for investing \$2.5 million to get people off the waitlist to get into adult education initiatives that lead to their GED.
- Called for more well-trained teachers.

Energy

- Highlighted success of all-of-the-above energy strategy.
- Highlighted the recent statement of principles calling on PJM to speed up the connection of new energy sources and extend price cap for another two years.
- Mentioned conversation with electric utility companies who agreed to take steps to rein in costs.
- Called on the PUC to scrutinize utility spending.
- Highlighted the creation of a Special Counsel for Energy Affordability tasked with closely examining utility rate requests.
- Called for conversation about the amount of profit utilities and their investors can make.
- Called on the General Assembly to take action to lower costs by giving the PUC a set of benchmarks to follow when determining how much utilities can make.
- Highlighted Lightning Plan to build more energy generation, reform permitting and siting laws, and diversify energy sector to generate more renewables.

Housing

- Called for reformed zoning laws, more housing, and protections for renters and homeowners.
- Called for a catalog of local zoning laws and ordinances.
- Called for modernizing the Municipalities Planning Code, creating standards for accessory dwelling units, facilitating transit-oriented development, and streamlining mixed-use development.
- Highlighted doubling the amount of money available for PHARE.
- Mentioned that budget creates a new \$1 billion Critical Infrastructure Fund.
- Called for legislation limiting annual lot rent increases for manufactured home communities.

Mental Health

- Highlighted that the budget includes state funding for 988 for the first time ever, and support for walk-in crisis centers.

Taxation

- Highlighted the Working Pennsylvanians Tax Credit and announced that this year it will put \$193 million back in the pockets of 940,000 Pennsylvanians.
- Maintained that the budget continues to cut taxes.

Transportation

- Mentioned budget calls for sustainable, recurring funding for mass transit to begin in 2027.

Anti-Administration

- McKee criticized the Trump Administration’s tariff policies stating they have led to increased prices on groceries and household goods.

Economic Development

- Proposed budget calls for \$600 million in bond proposals to help build infrastructure across the state for businesses, higher education, K-12, and housing.
- He proposes a \$115 million economic development bond to expand maritime and defense infrastructure at Quonset, invest in the 195 District and life sciences, grow ocean-tech industry, and develop more construction-ready sites that attract advanced manufacturers and create jobs.

Education

- Recommended making the Hope Scholarship permanent for all qualifying students, no matter their income.
- His proposed budget calls for a \$215 million higher education bond to support new and upgraded facilities at the three state schools (University of Rhode Island, Rhode Island College, and Community College of Rhode Island), with the goal of modernizing campuses and preparing students for employment.
- His proposed budget would establish the first dedicated Career and Technical Education (CTE) bond of \$50 million to upgrade CTE classrooms.

Energy

- McKee highlighted high energy costs and his plans to reduce consumers’ energy bills. In December 2025, the Public Utilities Commission provided \$21 million in cuts to consumers’ energy bills.
- McKee’s proposed budget will reduce the current 25% of consumers’ energy bills that come from state programs and taxes. His proposed budget will provide over \$1 billion in energy relief over the next five years.

Healthcare

- Proposed budget sets enforceable caps on health insurance costs and penalizes any company that fails to comply.
- Called for investing \$9.5 million to establish the state’s first Marketplace Affordability program to combat the impact of rising health care costs in the federal marketplace.
- Highlighted plans to use recently secured \$156 million in federal funding to transform healthcare in 18 communities in Rhode Island, including expanding primary care and behavioral health, increasing support for opioid overdose prevention and recovery, and strengthening the health workforce.

Housing

- To increase housing supply and lower the costs, McKee proposed a \$120 million housing bond. \$25 million of this bond will be dedicated to increasing homeownership.
- Plans to launch a separate \$20 million homeownership program aimed at producing of hundreds of low-cost homes.

Medicaid

- Proposed \$10 million in state and federal funds to increase support for hospitals as they see more patients without coverage.

Tax

- McKee’s proposed budget expands the dependent deduction to create the state’s first permanent Child Tax Credit.
- Proposed state budget eliminates the state tax on Social Security.

Transportation

- Proposed budget rolls back the gas tax increase from the previous year.
- Proposed budget includes additional engineering oversight at the Rhode Island Department of Transportation to review inspection reports.
- Highlighted that the state secure \$220 million in federal funding to rebuild the Washington Bridge.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Governor Henry McMaster (R) – January 28

[Full Speech Video](#)

Economic Development

- Highlighted over \$9.1 billion in new capital investment and many new jobs, rural and urban.

Education

- Touted continued improvement in teacher salaries.
- Highlighted success of statewide expansion of 4-K – 30% increase and urged General Assembly to offer universal full-day 4-K for all children regardless of household income.
- Highlighted increase in SROs throughout the state.
- Called for expanded scholarship eligibility.
- Celebrated seven years of frozen college tuition for in-state students and unprecedented levels of need-based financial aid for Pell-grant eligible, in-state students.
- Highlighted scholarships provided to cover tuition at technical colleges.
- Named South Carolina's technical college system the best in the world and said it is getting better every day.
- Advocated for systemic review of state's higher education institutions to make sure South Carolina is prepared for future workforce needs.

Energy

- Highlighted work of the Power SC Working Group and the SC Nexus Consortium to win designation as one of the US Department of Commerce's twelve regional Technology and Innovation Hubs.
- Stated that South Carolina will lead the nuclear renaissance, and that it has both the experience and infrastructure to do so.

Environment

- Highlighted funds and attention dedicated to identifying properties for conservation, preservation, and flood mitigation.
- Mentioned creation of Floodwater Commission and Office of Resilience to address flooding and environmental protection projects.
- Addressed Water SC Working Group tasked with assessing groundwater.
- Highlighted preservation of almost 400,000 acres in less than ten years, including the state's largest conservation easement in history.
- Highlighted work of local governments in conservation and urged all counties to join the effort.

Government Reform

- Called for judicial reform to make selection more transparent and accountable, including gubernatorial appointment of all judges, with advice and consent of State Senate.
- Called for summary court system reform.
- Proposed that magistrate judges be compensated by the state, and be required to be attorneys.

Healthcare

- Highlighted review of state's behavioral health funding and delivery system and subsequent work done within state government to address shortcomings.

Taxation

- Called for continued tax cuts.
- McMaster has proposed cutting the personal income tax rate as much as possible.
- Proponent of eliminating personal income tax.

Transportation

- Highlighted progress in transportation infrastructure and the active projects throughout the state.
- Wants to see additional investment in new surplus money to keep projects moving.
- Called for assessment of state infrastructure and government services to keep up with population growth.
- Highlighted that the state secure \$220 million in federal funding to rebuild the Washington Bridge.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Governor Larry Rhoden (R) – January 13

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Announced legislation to set up a State Apprenticeship Agency.
- Discussed plans to prioritize value-added ag.
- Announced that national security is South Dakota's next big industry and will be the major focus of his economic development efforts.

Education

- Discussed Science of Reading initiative bringing phonics back into classrooms
- Highlighted changes to reading and math standards and the recently implemented social studies reforms from the Noem-Rhoden Administration.
- Highlighted Teacher Apprenticeship Pathway to address teacher shortages, and teacher pay reforms.
- Focused on the school choice program beginning in 2027.
- Mentioned the continued prioritization of career and technical education (CTE).
- Department of Education will be bringing a bill to give school boards more flexibility to find alternative settings for students from "tough circumstances."

Healthcare

- Emphasized need for rural healthcare access; mentioned \$189 million in federal funding for the Rural Health Transformation Plan which includes stronger workforce.

Privacy

- Plans to bring forward bills to protect personal information of law enforcement, judges, legislators, and statewide officials by removing it from public voter files.

Taxation

- Cited the need for more work on reducing property taxes, proposing to give counties the option to cut owner-occupied property taxes by replacing the county's share of property taxes with a half-cent sales tax.
- Plans to host property tax town halls throughout the state.

Technology

- Discussed GRIT task force which recommends expanding the SecureSD program at Dakota State University.
- New technology development for value-added ag and bioprocessing, and new industrial development parks.

TENNESSEE

Governor Bill Lee (R) – February 2

[Full Speech Text](#)

Economic Development

- Highlighted more than \$11 billion invested Tennessee during 2025.

Education

- Highlighted Tennessee as a top five state for gains in reading and math.
- Highlighted historic investment of more than \$2.5 billion in our public schools – a 50% increase. Proposing additional \$340 million this year.
- Highlighted improved literacy for 4th graders.
- Touted improved salaries for teachers.
- Highlighted school choice for families with the Education Freedom Scholarship program.
- Called for doubling the amount of scholarships this year.

Energy

- Observed that Tennessee was just named the number one state for nuclear energy development.
- Highlighted Nuclear Fund's \$8 billion in investment from leading nuclear companies around the world.
- Mentioned proposing additional \$25 million to the Nuclear Fund this year.

Healthcare

- Highlighted more than \$1 billion from the Rural Health Transformation Fund over the next five years to transform healthcare in rural communities all across the state.
- Advocated reducing government regulation to enable more providers in rural counties, shorter wait times, and care closer to home.

Technology

- Announced the launch of the Tennessee Quantum Initiative, a statewide effort to position Tennessee as the national leader in quantum research, infrastructure and workforce development.

UTAH

Governor Spencer Cox (R) – January 26

[Full Speech Text](#)

Education

- Called for reforms to increase literacy rates.
- “A society that cannot read cannot reason together, and when reasoning breaks down, power rushes in to fill the void.”

Healthcare

- Highlighted that the state is expanding treatment, recovery, and pathways back to stability for people struggling with substance use issues.

Housing

- Acknowledged the need to increase the supply of housing by reform zoning, streamline permitting, support infrastructure, and encourage innovation.
- “Our mission is to make Utah the worst place in the country to camp on the street — and the best place to get help.”

Technology

- “We cannot preserve agency, virtue, and happiness if we outsource the moral formation of our children to algorithms designed for addiction.”
- Called for a bell-to-bell phone ban in schools across Utah.

VERMONT

Governor Phil Scott (R) – January 7

[Full Speech Text](#)

Education

- Scott used most of the address to focus on public education reform, in particular the implementation and his expectations of next steps for ACT 73 which expanded pre-K, increased equity, expanded CTE, and increased teacher salaries.
- Strongly encouraged the legislature to consolidate the state's 119 school districts into much larger entities and stated that he "will not sign a budget or an education bill or a tax bill that deviates from Act 73..."
- Addressed anticipated school closures due to ACT 73 stating that "Instead of this slow, torturous, and unmanaged process, let's move forward with Act 73, so we can manage change thoughtfully, strategically, and with students' best interests at the forefront."

Tax

- This year's spending package will be funded without new taxes.
- Asked the legislature to provide property tax relief.

VIRGINIA

Governor Abigail Spanberger (D) – January 17

[Full Speech Text](#)

Anti-Administration

- Referenced “recklessness” coming out of Washington

Housing

- Vowed to cut red tape, increase housing supply, and help communities keep housing affordable.
- Economic Development
- Planned investments in the apprenticeships and job training sectors.

Energy

- Spanberger’s administration will work to lower energy costs by producing more energy and by ensuring that high energy users pay their fair share.

Healthcare

- Promises to protect healthcare access, crack down on high drug prices, and address medical debt.

Data Centers

- Recalled the passage of a microgrid access law to attract data centers to West Virginia. Morrisey stated that this is likely to become the biggest economic driver in state's history.

Economic Development

- Announced more than \$4.5 billion in new private sector investment and a projected increase of 4200 new jobs.
- Called to further improve the infrastructure that businesses need to expand in the state.
- Highlighted the Workforce and Readiness and Opportunities Act, and the need to continue encouraging microcredentialing and making portable benefits available for the independent workforce.

Education

- Hopes to increase funding for higher education institutions.
- Announced a School within a School program for at-risk students. Looking to use immersive project-based learning that focuses on STEM and real-world skills.
- Highlighted truancy diversion initiatives to address chronic absenteeism by assisting children before they enter the child welfare system.
- Announced that the state is prepaying the HOPE Scholarship for FY 2026 through the state's \$128 million budget surplus.

Energy

- Morrisey projected that energy infrastructure is going to increase energy supply from the current 16 gigawatts to over 50 gigawatts by 2050. Announced that the state will prioritize reliable baseline power through coal, natural gas, and nuclear energy.
- In the four months since announcing the 50 by 50 program, the state has secured more than \$4.2 billion in new energy investments.

Environmental

- Highlighted the need for continued investment in water and sewer. In 2025, the state invested \$74 million into water and sewer. Emphasized that clean water and functional infrastructure lift standard of living.
- Launching a pilot initiative entitled Century. The program will modernize how the state detects flood risks and warns the public. It involves expanding sensors in key areas to help build predictive models. Morrisey requested \$10 million from the legislature to fund this pilot program.

Government Operations

- Proposed the establishment of the Bring Them Home Fund, with an initial investment of \$6 million, to bring back foster children sent to out-of-state facilities by rehabilitating existing state facilities and improving the child welfare system.
- Called for a 3% pay raise for all state workers.
- Asked the legislature for \$20 million to improve state parks in order to spark tourism growth.

Government Reform

- One of Morrisey's key priorities is fiscal responsibility and repurposing government.
- Seeks to continue cutting government red tape to increase economic development.
- Focused on the legislature's success in passing universal licensing reciprocity in 2025, allowing qualifying individuals to work upon moving to West Virginia.
- Emphasized the need to accelerate military personnel ability to enter the workforce.

Healthcare

- Morrisey highlighted that the state was awarded \$199 million from the federal government to improve healthcare outcomes. Over the five years of the program, it will lead to \$1 billion in healthcare investment.
- Asked the legislature to support rural Healthcare Transformation by advancing legislative initiatives with the goal of “Making West Virginia Healthy Again.”
- Announced that Public Employee Insurance Agency (PEIA) premiums are going to be limited to 3%.

Tax

- Asked the state legislature to pass a 10% income tax cut.
- Requested the legislature to conform the permanent tax changes signed into law by the federal budget bill (HR 1).

Technology

- Announced that West Virginia secured \$546 million in new broadband investments from the Trump administration to assist in increasing access to high-speed internet.
- Wants to expand digital literacy to better use technology and support K-12 institutions.

Transportation

- Asked the legislature to invest \$100 million to supplement road and bridge repair work.

Anti-Administration

- “I’m worried about the impacts of reckless decisions being made in Washington, and that these decisions will have disastrous consequences for Wisconsinites, taxpayers, and our state budget moving forward.”
- Worried about the impact of the One Big Beautiful Bill.
- Critical of President Trump’s involvement in Republican redistricting efforts.

Data Centers

- Acknowledged that in regards to data centers, “Wisconsin must embrace a future where we don’t have to choose between mitigating climate change and protecting our environment, or creating good-paying jobs and having a strong economy.”

Economic Development

- Named job creation as a top priority for the administration.
- Highlighted the administration’s work to secure over \$7 million to launch new workforce training programs focused on developing advanced manufacturing and AI workforce in Wisconsin.

Education

- Evers’ 2025 budget included the largest increase for the UW System in nearly 20 years and over \$1 billion for UW projects across the state.
- Critical of the legislature not approving the level of funding that Evers requested over the last four state budgets for education.

Environment

- Named cleaning up the water system and protecting natural resources as a priority.
- Called on the legislature to pass a bipartisan bill to reauthorize the Stewardship Program that both supports land acquisition and management of Wisconsin’s valuable natural resources and public lands.
- Requested bipartisan PFAS legislation to get contaminants like PFAS out of the water.

Energy

- Referred to the creation of the Office of Sustainability and Clean Energy, and the release of Wisconsin’s first-ever Clean Energy Plan to help lower energy bills, reduce reliance on out-of-state energy sources, and create more than 40,000 jobs by 2030.
- Announced the state is going to purchase about 225,000 megawatt hours of renewable energy every year for the next 20 years.
- Partnering with the UW-Madison’s Department of Nuclear Engineering and Engineering Physics to study nuclear energy opportunities in Wisconsin.
- Praised nuclear energy as a safe, reliable, carbon-free option to power Wisconsin homes and businesses.

Government Reform

- Intends to call a special session of the legislature this spring to take up a constitutional amendment to ban partisan gerrymandering.

Healthcare

- Acknowledged the high cost of healthcare
- Vowed to sign an executive order to have Wisconsin join the World Health Organization’s Global Response Network in the coming weeks.

WYOMING

Governor Mark Gordon (R) – February 9

[Full Speech Text](#)

Agriculture

- Highlighted his Cowboy State Agriculture Initiative tasked with strengthening agriculture, helping young farmers and ranchers start or maintain family operations, and expanding markets for products.

Budget

- Asked the legislature to place \$250 million of the \$500 million budget surplus into the permanent savings account.

Economic Development

- Highlighted that the state launched their own fully reserved dollar backed stable token, placing the state as a national leader in digital assets and their regulation.
- Called upon the legislature to rejuvenate, renovate, and reimagine the Wyoming Business Council, specifically highlighting a task force as “an appropriate way to seek the reform desired.”
- Urged the legislature to fully fund the Asian trade office so that the state can expand markets into Asia.

Education

- Called for the legislature to restore the federal summer feeding program, also known as SUNBucks, which historically provided grocery benefits per eligible school-age child when school is out.
- Touted his Reimagining and Innovating the Delivery of Education initiative (RIDE) which has resulted in improved student engagement and deeper academic understanding.
- Highlighted the Wyoming Innovation Partnership (WIP) and his intention for the program to be a business directed and funded educational program that benefits students and employers.

Energy

- Highlighted his administration’s success in resuscitating the domestic nuclear industry and rekindling the uranium market by “facilitating the nation’s newest and safest nuclear reactor.”
- Gordon’s administration “supported technological advances in rare earth elements and CO2 capture for enhanced oil recovery.”

Environmental

- Recommended funding to the State Engineer’s Office, along with additional funding for contracts through the Office of the Attorney General, to protect Wyoming’s water use.
- Asked for the legislature’s favorable consideration in adding two natural resource issue specific attorneys to the Attorney General’s staff.

Government Operations

- Asked the legislature to upgrade the Department of Family Services’ data enterprise system to ensure high level of service and avoid costly penalties for increased errors.
- Called for the legislature to meet the software requests of all state agencies.
- Proposed budget includes funds that bring the salaries of state employees from a comparable market value in 2022 to a comparable market value in 2024. These efforts are aimed at lowering turnover, retraining, and chronic high vacancy rates.

Healthcare

- Highlighted the state’s acceptance into Rural Health Transformation program and how it will help ensure access to obstetric labor and delivery services, workforce development initiatives, sustainability, and Emergency Management Services.

Housing

- Asked the legislature to front the costs for construction of a Veterans Home in Buffalo.

Medicaid

- Recommended increased Medicaid funding to providers of OB services, behavioral health, and in-home health to retain and attract medical workers in the state.



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